

Amendments to the Claims:

A listing of the entire set of pending claims (including amendments to the claims, if any) is submitted herewith per 37 CFR 1.121. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously presented) A method comprising:
decomposing a query string that corresponds to an encoding of an audio fragment into a sequence of a plurality of query sub-strings;
independently searching a melody database for at least a respective closest match for each sub-string of the plurality of query sub-strings; and
in dependence on search results for the respective sub-strings, determining at least a closest match for the query string.
2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein decomposing the query string includes decomposing the query string into sub-strings that each substantially correspond to a phrase of a melody.
3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, including enabling a user to input the query string.
4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the query string includes a plurality of query input modalities that includes at least one of: humming, singing, whistling, tapping, clapping, percussive vocal sounds.
5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, wherein the query string includes a plurality of query input modalities and a change in query input modality substantially coincides with a sub-string boundary.

6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein decomposing the query string includes:

- estimating how many (Ns) sub-strings are present in the query string;
- dividing the query string in Ns sequential sub-strings; each sub-string being associated with a respective centroid that represents the sub-string;

- iteratively:

- for each centroid, determining a respective centroid value in dependence on the sub-string associated with the respective centroid; and

- determining, for each of the sub-strings, corresponding sub-string boundaries by minimizing a total distance measure between each of the centroids and the sub-string associated with the respective centroid;

- until a predetermined convergence criterion is met.

7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 6, wherein estimating how many (Ns) sub-strings are present in the query string includes dividing a duration of the audio fragment by an average duration of a phrase.

8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein decomposing the query string includes retrieving for each of the input modalities a respective classification criterion and detecting the change in query input modality based on the classification criteria.

9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 3, including constraining a sub-string to fall within two successive changes in query input modality.

10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein searching for each sub-string in the database includes generating for the sub-string an N-best list ($N \geq 2$) of the N most closest corresponding parts in the database with a corresponding measure of resemblance; and performing the determining of the at least closest match for the query string based on the measures of resemblance of the N-best lists of the sub-strings.

11. (Previously presented) A computer media that includes a computer program product operative to cause a processor to:

- decompose a query string that corresponds to an encoding of an audio fragment into a sequence of a plurality of query sub-strings;

- independently search a melody database for at least a respective closest match for each sub-string of the plurality of query sub-strings; and

- in dependence on the search results for the respective sub-strings, determine at least a closest match for the query string.

12. (Previously presented) A system comprising:

- an input for receiving a query string that corresponds to an encoding of an audio fragment from a user;

- a melody database for storing respective representations of plurality of audio fragments;

- at least one processor that is configured to:

- decompose the query string into a sequence of a plurality of query sub-strings;

- search the database for at least a respective closest match for each sub-string of the plurality of query sub-strings; and

- determine at least a closest match for the query string based on the closest matches for the plurality of query sub-strings.

13. (Previously presented) The system of claim 12, wherein each sub-string substantially corresponds to a phrase of a melody.

14. (Previously presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the at least one processor is configured to enable a user to input the query string.

15. (Previously presented) The system of claim 14, wherein the query string includes at least one of a plurality of query input modalities that includes at least one of: humming, singing, whistling, tapping, clapping, and percussive vocal sounds.

16. (Previously presented) The system of claim 14, wherein the query string includes a plurality of query input modalities, and a change in query input modality substantially coincides with a sub-string boundary.

17. (Previously presented) The system of claim 16, wherein the processor is configured to decompose the query string by:

retrieving for each of the input modalities a respective classification criterion
and

detecting the change in query input modality based on the classification
criteria.

18. (Previously presented) The system of claim 12, wherein the processor is configured to decompose the query string by:

- estimating how many (Ns) sub-strings are present in the query string;
- dividing the query string in Ns sequential sub-strings; each sub-string being associated with a respective centroid that represents the sub-string;

- iteratively:

- for each centroid, determining a respective centroid value in dependence on the sub-string associated with the respective centroid; and

- determining, for each of the sub-strings, corresponding sub-string boundaries by minimizing a total distance measure between each of the centroids and the sub-string associated with the respective centroid;

- until a predetermined convergence criterion is met.

19. (Previously presented) The system of claim 18, wherein estimating how many (Ns) sub-strings are present in the query string includes dividing a duration of the audio fragment by an average duration of a phrase.

20. (Previously presented) The system of claim 12 wherein the at least one processor is configured to generate for each sub-string an N-best list ($N \geq 2$) of the N closest corresponding parts in the database with a corresponding measure of resemblance, and determine the at least closest match for the query string based on the measures of resemblance of the N-best lists of the sub-strings.